平成 20 年度 東海大学 一般入試 B 方式 (複数学科選択方式) 英語 I・英語 II・リーディング・ライティング (70 分)

平成20年2月28日 文学部・政治経済学部・総合経営学部・法学部 教養学部(人間環境学科社会環境課程・国際学科) 国際文化学部・芸術工学部・開発工学部(感性デザイン学科) 海洋学部(海洋文明学科・航海学科国際物流専攻) 教養学部(人間環境学科自然環境課程)・理学部・情報理工学部 情報通信学部・工学部(航空宇宙学科航空操縦学専攻を除く) 産業工学部・開発工学部(感性デザイン学科を除く) 海洋学部(海洋文明学科・航空学科・国際物流専攻を除く) 生物理工学部・農学部

ert 1 ert次の英文を読み,下の問いに答えなさい。

The West African country of Togo^{*1} recently announced more bird flu infections outside its capital, making _(A)it the seventh West African country to report finding the deadly H5N1 virus in its poultry.^{*2} Bird flu experts say <u>Sub-Saharan Africa</u> still has a long way to go in its battle against the virus, and any other animal diseases that may develop. Togo's government officials say they have been working with farmers since early last year to ask _(B)them to report any signs of the virus. The H5N1 virus re-emerged in poultry in Asia four years ago, and has since been reported by 60 countries around the world, killing more than 200 million poultry and more than half of the some 300 people infected.

Experts praised Togo's fast detection of the virus, but Togolese officials say getting people to listen has been hard. Alex Thiermann, a director at the Paris-based World Organization for Animal Health, says people (1) raise animals in sub-Saharan Africa tend to be among the poorest, which makes _(C)<u>it</u> hard to convince them to kill their livelihood. "It is very difficult to explain to them that _(D)<u>we</u> need to destroy birds because we worry about a potential pandemic,^{*3}" he said. "They do not have time to worry about the potential. They have so many problems to fight on a daily basis, and so unless there is a good incentive program where there is an assurance they will not lose anything by reporting, it is hard to guarantee full participation."

One way to contain bird flu that donors have been promoting is paying farmers to encourage fast reporting. But there have been problems paying farmers for their lost poultry because ₍₂₎it is not easy to prove ownership. Olga Jonas, the World Bank's

economic advisor for influenza programs who coordinates bird flu donor giving, says local officials need to identify poultry farmers and <u>inventory their stock</u> to prevent corruption. "When there is an outbreak, you do not get into a lot of discussion about whether somebody did or did not have the poultry they are now claiming compensation (2)," she said. But she admits it is hard to track small producers who live in remote areas. Noncommercial family-owned poultry farming is common in West Africa, where people often live in close contact with their birds.

(3) strategy to contain bird flu has been to improve animal health services. Thiermann with the animal health organization says <u>poor</u> veterinary services in West Africa cripple the region's ability to control diseases that can spread rapidly. "We are certain we are going to have a pandemic in the near future, but we do not know yet where it will begin and what that agent will be," he added. "We put so much emphasis not only on fighting the immediate problem, but also on building the infrastructure to allow these countries to report promptly and take rapid action; otherwise the entire world is going to be in danger." The animal doctor says most diseases that have quickly spread throughout history originated in animals. Animals are suspected (4) starting the spread of three major flu outbreaks in the 20th century that killed tens of millions of people. However, not all potential donors are convinced of the threat that the virus can spread from one person to the next. So far, the virus has spread among animals and, on a limited basis, from animals to people.

At a bird flu donors meeting this past September, the World Bank asked countries to raise an additional \$1.5 billion. The response was <u>Some-third that amount</u>, and most of the money pledged^{*4} was from the United States, Japan and the European Union. World Bank economic advisor Jonas is preparing another appeal for the next bird flu donor conference this December. "The cost of a human epidemic would just be absolutely staggering, trillions of dollars," she noted. "So relative to the cost that we are trying to avoid by these preventative programs and control programs at the source, the \$2.3 billion that has been committed so far is just a very small (5)."

This year in West Africa, the H5N1 virus has been detected in Nigeria,^{*1} Ghana,^{*1} Côte d'Ivoire,^{*1} Burkina Faso,^{*1} Niger^{*1} and Togo. Donors have promised sub-Saharan Africa \$95 million for bird flu programs, (6) which \$50 million is for Nigeria, which has reported one human death from bird flu.

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<sup>*1</sup> Togo; Nigeria; Ghana; Côte d'Ivoire; Burkina Faso; Niger
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いずれも西アフリカのサハラ砂漠以南の国家
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*<sup>2</sup> poultry 家禽 (ニワトリ,シチメンチョウ,アヒルなど)
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*<sup>3</sup> pandemic 世界的流行
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*<sup>4</sup> pledge 寄付を申し出る
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問1 文中の空所1~6 に入る最も適切な語(句)を,それぞれ次のア~エの中から-つずつ選びなさい。解答番号は 1 ~ 6

(1) $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. which	✓. whom	ウ. whose	⊥. who	1
(2) $\mathbf{\mathcal{P}}$. with	1 . on	ウ. for	I. to	2
(3) 7 . A first	イ . A second	ウ. A third	I . The whole	3
(4) 7 . of	1 . for	ウ. with	⊥. about	3
(5) $\mathbf{\mathcal{P}}$. faction	1 . fiction	ウ. fraction	I . friction	5
(6) 7 . into	1 . onto	ウ. as for	⊥. out of	6

- 問2 ①~⑤の意味・内容として最も適切なものを,それぞれ次のア~エの中から-つずつ選びなさい。解答番号は 7 ~ 11
 - 1 7
 - ア. サハラ砂漠以南のアフリカは, 依然としてそのウイルスとの戦いをま だ始めていない。
 - イ. サハラ砂漠以南のアフリカがそのウイルスの蔓延を阻止するには長い 時間がかかるだろう。
 - ウ. サハラ砂漠以南のアフリカでは,そのウイルスとの戦いが長いあいだ 展開されてきた。
 - エ. 人々がそのウイルスと戦っているサハラ砂漠以南の国々の対策には依 然として大きな距離がある。
 - 2 8
 - \mathcal{P} . it is not easy to demonstrate how to keep the poultry
 - $\boldsymbol{\boldsymbol{\mathcal{T}}}$. it is not easy to prove whether they have their own ship
 - $\dot{\mathcal{D}}$. it is difficult to give proof of the fact that they stole their own poultry
 - \mathbf{I} . it is difficult to prove that they actually owned the lost poultry
 - $3 \mid 9$
 - \mathcal{P} . invent a story about their stock
 - $\boldsymbol{\intercal}$. make a complete list of their stock
 - ウ. make a great invention using their stock
 - \mathbf{I} . have a large inventory of their stock

- ④ 10
 - ア. 西アフリカでは, 獣医が不足しているために, 病気を抑えることがで きない。
 - イ. 西アフリカでは, 獣医があまりにも貧しいために, 病気を抑えること ができない。
 - ウ. 西アフリカでは,病気で体が不自由になった貧しい農民たちの治療を, 獣医が行う。
 - エ. 西アフリカでは,病気で体が不自由になった農民たちの治療を,貧し い獣医が行う。
- 5 11
 - ア. \$500,000
 - **1**. \$1,300,000
 - **ウ**. \$500,000,000
 - エ. \$1,300,000,000
- 問3 下線部(A)~(D)の代名詞が指すものとして最も適切なものを,それぞれ次のア ~エの中から一つずつ選びなさい。解答番号は「12」~「15
 - $(A) \mid 12 \mid$
 - ア. Togo
 - **1**. its capital
 - $\dot{\mathbf{D}}$. to report finding the deadly H5N1 virus in its poultry
 - ${\tt I}.$ sus-Saharan Africa
 - (B) | 13
 - $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. bird flu experts
 - **1**. animal diseases
 - ウ. Togo's government officials
 - \mathbf{I} . farmers
 - (C) 14
 - $\pmb{\mathcal{P}}.$ Togo's fast detection of the virus
 - **1**. sub-Saharan Africa
 - $\dot{\mathcal{D}}$. to convince them to kill their livelihood
 - \mathbf{I} . their livelihood

(D) 15

- $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. Togolese government officials
- **1**. farmers
- ウ. Alex Thiermann and his staff
- \mathbf{I} . African bird flu experts

問4 本文のタイトルとして最も適切なものを,ア~エの中から一つ選びなさい。解 答番号は 16

- $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}.$ Animals Supected of Many Diseases
- $\boldsymbol{\intercal}$. Togo Detects Bird Flu Virus
- ウ. West Africa Struggles to Contain Bird Flu Virus
- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{I}}$. Bird Flu Virus Detected in Saharan Countries

2 次の1~10の英文を読み、空所に入る最も適切な語(句)を、それぞれア 中から一つ選びなさい。解答番号は17~26	'~エの
1. Which department ()?	17
$\mathbf{\mathcal{P}}$. are you belonged 1 . do you belong to	
ウ. are you belonging エ. are you belonging to	
2. As time went (), his confidence grew.	18
ア. by イ. in ウ. up オ. down	
3. "Do you mind if I have a look at your magazine?" "Be my ()."	19
ア. customer イ. client ウ. guest エ. visitor	10
4. I took her refusal to answer questions () an admission of gu	uilt.
$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. on $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}}$. in $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{D}}$. to $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{I}}$. as	20
5. "I'll help you with your work if you'll repair my bike."	91
"OK, it's ()!"	21
ア. a deal イ. a quantity ウ. an amount エ. a number	er
6. () you studied harder, you would have passed the examinat	tion.
ア. Unless イ. If ウ. Had エ. Provided	22
7. Be quiet! He hasn't finished ().	23
\mathcal{P} . speak 1 . to speak $\mathbf{\mathcal{P}}$. speaking \mathbf{I} . spoken	20
7 . speak 1 . to speak 7 . speaking 1 . spoken	
8. () in their home suited the style of the house.	24
$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. All furnitures $\boldsymbol{1}$. Every furniture	
ウ. Each furniture エ. Each piece of furniture	
9. Mary took no more notice of me () if I were invisible.	25
\mathcal{P} . as 1 . than \mathbf{D} . that \mathbf{I} . but	
10. I always enjoy his company because he always has () stories	
ア. amuse イ. amused ウ. amusing エ. to amuse	26

3 次の1~10の英文を読み、下線部の意味に最も近い語(句)を、それぞれア~エの中から一つずつ選びなさい。解答番号は27~36
1. Whatever happens, you mustn't resort to violence. 27 \mathcal{P} . use 1 . meet $\mathbf{\dot{\mathcal{P}}}$. control \mathbf{I} . oppose
2. By the way, have you read this book?28 $\overline{\mathcal{P}}$. Accidentally \checkmark . Fundamentally \diamondsuit . Mentally \mathbf{I} . Incidentally
3. His advice helped me <u>overcome</u> my troubles.29 \mathcal{P} . get in $\boldsymbol{\uparrow}$. get over $\boldsymbol{\dot{\mathcal{P}}}$. get on $\boldsymbol{\bot}$. get up
4. What does this abbreviation stand for? 30 \mathcal{P} . do 1 . mean $\mathbf{\dot{\mathcal{P}}}$. support \mathbf{I} . remark
5. Mary cancelled all her appointments for that day. 31 \mathcal{P} . caught up 1 . caught out $\mathbf{\dot{\mathcal{P}}}$. called off \mathbf{I} . called for
6. The paint was still wet and gave off $\mathbf{\mathcal{T}}$. submitted $\mathbf{\mathcal{T}}$. admitted $\mathbf{\mathcal{T}}$. omitted $\mathbf{\mathcal{I}}$. $\mathbf{\mathcal{I}}$ $\mathbf{\mathcal{T}}$. submitted $\mathbf{\mathcal{T}}$. admitted $\mathbf{\mathcal{T}}$. omitted $\mathbf{\mathcal{I}}$. emitted
 7. He tried to <u>put out</u> the fire with blankets, but this only made the situation worse. 33 <i>𝔅</i>. distinguish 𝑉. extinguish 𝔅. establish 𝔅. accomplish
8. There must be compromise if the talks are to succeed. 34 7 . give and take 1 . give or take 1 . up and down 1 . out or in
9. I'm only too glad to have her company.35 $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. very $\boldsymbol{\boldsymbol{\uparrow}}$. far from $\boldsymbol{\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}}$. a little $\boldsymbol{\boldsymbol{\bot}}$. not at all
10. I asked him to do the work, but his answer was not in the affirmative. \mathcal{P} . sensible 1 . convincing $\mathbf{\dot{p}}$. "Yes" \mathbf{I} . "No"36

Ayaka: Good morning. Did you have a good night's sleep?
 Paul: Well, I had a lot of trouble getting up this morning. (37)
 Ayaka: It's terrible, isn't it?

- Paul: Yes, it is, but I'll soon get used to Tokyo time.
 - $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. I have a terrible hangover.
 - **\mathbf{1}**. I can't sleep without a sleeping pill.
 - ウ. It must be jet lag.
 - \mathbf{I} . I sat up all night with my sick child.
- 2. Mr.Smith: You have a very good command of English, Mr.Tanaka. Where did you study?
 - Mr.Tanaka: Like everybody else, I studied English in junior high school, senior high school and college.

Mr.Smith: (38)

Mr.Tanaka: I practiced with the help of English programs on TV.

- $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. Ah! That explains the misunderstanding.
- $\mathbf{1}$. That's because you can't make yourself understood in English.
- $\dot{\mathcal{D}}$. But what made you decide against studying English?
- **I**. But why are you so good at speaking?
- 3. Mr.Henry: (39)

Mrs.Henry: What do you mean?

Mr.Henry: We seem to be spending money before we earn it. Look at all these bills that have just arrived.

- $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. We're not made of money.
- **\checkmark**. We don't have to save on light and fuels.
- $\dot{\mathcal{D}}$. We should spend more money than we earn.
- \mathbf{I} . We didn't waste money on luxuries.

- 4. Susie: Mike, I know it's none of my business, but you shouldn't waste your time on such silly books. You have to study for the final.
 - Mike: Well, (40)
 - Susie: Which part?
 - Mike: About it being none of your business.
 - $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. I have traveled to all parts of the world.
 - **1**. I'm going to take part in the competition.
 - ウ. I agree with you in part.
 - **I**. I should play a part in the game.
- 5. Marian: Brad, did you call me?
 - Brad: Yes. $(\begin{vmatrix} 41 \end{vmatrix})$
 - Marian: I'll be glad to.
 - Brad: This is a copy of the Japanese instructions for our latest product. Our New York office is in urgent need of an English version.
 - \mathcal{P} . I want you to create an original manual.
 - $\mathbf{1}$. I'd like you to do some translating.
 - $\dot{\mathbf{D}}$. Can you keep me informed of any change in your plans?
 - \mathbf{I} . Can you help me with the shopping?
- 6. Bruce: It was very nice meeting you, Scarlet.

Scarlet: Nice meeting you, too.

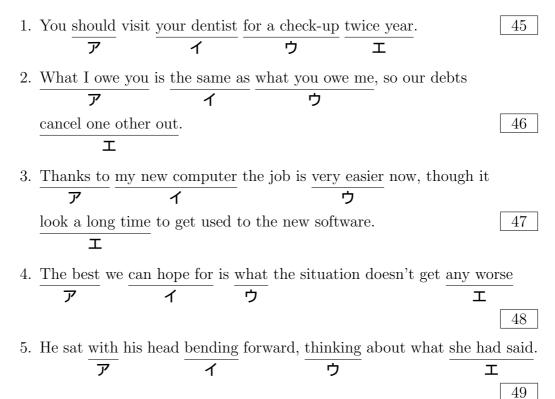
Bruce: If there's anything I can do for you, (|42|). This is my address.

- $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. please feel free to e-mail me
- $\mathbf{1}$. please feel free to call me
- ウ. you must turn to him for help
- \mathbf{I} . you should go to his office for advice
- 7. Sylvia: I wish I were a good cook.
 - Kate: Me too!

Sylvia: $(\begin{vmatrix} 43 \end{vmatrix})$

- Kate: No. I meant I also wish you were a good cook!
 - $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. You should make everything you eat yourself.
 - **イ**. You are a vegetarian, aren't you?
 - ウ. But you are on a diet.
 - \mathbf{I} . But you already can cook very well.

- 8. Mike: Hi, John. How's your business doing?
 - John: To tell the truth, not so hot.
 - Mike: Oh? (44)
 - John: Well, I was expecting an important meeting this morning, but my client never showed up.
 - $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}$. What's it like?
 - $\mathbf{1}$. What's the matter?
 - ウ. I think it's very hot today.
 - \mathbf{I} . You'll get into hot water if you do a thing like that again.
- 5 次の1~5の英文には間違いが一つずつあります。それぞれ下線部ア~エの中から選びなさい。解答番号は45~49



- - それは日本ばかりでなくアメリカにおいても大きな関心を呼んだ。 50
 It [ア. as イ. a good deal ウ. of interest エ. excited オ. the U.S. カ. well キ. in] as in Japan.
 - パソコンを選ぶとき何で決めるべきだと思いますか。処理スピードですか、それとも使いやすさですか。
 ア. think イ. do ウ. in エ. you オ. be the most important factor

 $[\mathcal{P}$. think $\mathbf{1}$. do \mathcal{P} . in $\mathbf{1}$. you $\mathbf{3}$. be the most important factor \mathbf{D} . should $\mathbf{+}$. which] choosing a computer, its processing speed or ease of use?

3. 勝利の栄冠を勝ち取るには決意と少しの幸運以外のどんな条件も必要では ない。 52

[\mathcal{P} . no \mathcal{A} . prerequisite $\dot{\mathcal{P}}$. other than \mathfrak{I} . gaining \mathcal{A} . of victory \mathcal{D} . the crown \mathfrak{I} . requires] determination and a bit of luck.

- 現代の科学技術のおかげで距離がかなり正確に測れるようになった。53
 ア. possible イ. modern technology ウ. with エ. to measure オ. it カ. distance キ. has made] considerable accuracy.
- 5. だれが当選しようと憲法改正が政府の最優先事項となりそうだ。 54 An amendment of the Constitution [ア. no イ. likely ウ. is エ. to be オ. matter カ. who キ. a top government priority] wins the election.

解答

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
I	ウ	イ	ア	ウ	Т	イ	Т	イ	ア
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
ウ	ア	Т	ウ	ウ	Т	イ	ア	ウ	イ
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
ア	ウ	ウ	Т	イ	ウ	ア	I	イ	イ
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
ゥ	I	イ	ア	ア	ウ	ウ	T	ア	ウ
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
1	ア	Т	イ	I	I	ウ	ウ	イ	オ
51	52	53	54						
カ	ア	Т	ア						

- 50 It excited a good deal of interest in the U.S. as well as in Japan.
- 51 Which do you think should be the most important factor in choosing a computer, its processing speed of ease of use?
- 52 Gaining the crown of victory requires no prerequisite other than determination and a bit of luck.
- 53 Modern technology has made it possible to measure distance with considerable accuracy.
- 54 An amendment of the Constitution is likely to be a top government priority no matter who wins the election.