

平成 22 年度 尚綱大学 第 2 回一般入学試験
英語 I・II・リーディング・ライティング (平成 22 年 3 月 4 日)60 分

I. 次の英文を読んで設問に答えなさい。

During the harshest days of the Great Depression of the 1930s, (A) some communities in the United States came up with an idea to boost local economic conditions: they started printing their own money! Salt Lake City, Utah, for instance, printed its own alternative to the dollar called the “Valor.” It became a popular (ア) for dollars, which were difficult to obtain because of poor management and distribution by the government in Washington.

(B) Ever since then, the idea of local currency has made a comeback now and then. Here’s how it works: A group of local businesses agree to accept a new type of local money as an alternative to dollars. It can be organized by a local government, a small group of just a few stores in a town mall, or several hundred businesses across a state. They hire professional designers to give their money an attractive name and look, and to print it. People can usually buy \$100 worth of the new money for around \$95.

So customers can buy \$100 of food, clothes or tools, even though they only spend \$95. But they have to spend the money at local businesses. That’s the key. In effect, the local businesses (C) (discount / a / ensure / giving / are / to / customers) that they spend money inside the community. In that sense, local currencies are (イ) to airline miles or the points that some stores, restaurants and credit card companies offer as rewards for loyalty.

1. 下線部 (A) と (B) を日本語に直しなさい。
2. (C) の () 内の各語を適切な順番に並び替えなさい。
3. (ア) に入る最も適当な語を記号で答えなさい。
(a) donation (b) freedom (c) substitute (d) wisdom
4. (イ) に入る最も適当な語を記号で答えなさい。
(a) anxious (b) official (c) reliable (d) similar

II. 次の会話文を読んで設問に答えなさい。

A: What do you think (a) Tokyo, Mary?

B: Oh, I like Tokyo. It's an interesting city.

A: (ア)

B: When I first came to Japan three years ago, I thought Tokyo was a terrible city. Dirty air, ugly buildings, noisy streets. But actually ⁽¹⁾I don't think it's as bad as it looks.

A: (イ)

B: No. Well, that's partly because I have lots of friends here now. And there's a lot going (b) in this city. Just a couple of weeks ago I went to a Japanese drum concert at the Budokan. It was fantastic.

A: Really?

B: Yeah. But ⁽²⁾there's one thing I still can't stand about Tokyo.

A: (ウ)

B: It's overcrowded! I just can't imagine living here forever.

A: (エ)

1. 空欄 (a) (b) に適当な前置詞を入れなさい。
2. 空欄 (ア) ~ (エ) に入れるのに最も適当な英文を、以下の (a) ~ (f) の選択肢から選びなさい。
 (a) You don't? (b) What's that? (c) Where do you live?
 (d) I'm glad to hear that. (e) Nobody can. (f) Let me help you.
3. 下線部 (1) と (2) を日本語に直しなさい。

III. 次の各組の文の () に共通する単語を答えなさい。

1. { This book isn't (). It belongs to Taro.
Taro found some gold in the ().
2. { The boss will () you if you don't obey him.
Those pictures were burned in the ().
3. { I haven't read that () by Mark Twain yet.
Let's () the tickets for tonight show.
4. { Please give me a () when you get back.
Tempura is a food which the Japanese can () their own.
5. { The problem of stray cats and dogs is really getting out of ().
Taro has to () in his homework by Friday.
6. { This air conditioner uses a good () of electricity.
They must () with the problem of traffic accidents.
7. { There is a parking () near the building over there.
This math problem is a () easier than that one.

IV. 次の各文の () 内から最も適当なものを選び、番号で答えなさい。

1. I'm very (1. excite 2. excited 3. exciting 4. excitingly) about seeing her since I haven't seen her for five years.
2. This is the restaurant (1. where 2. to where 3. which 4. to which) my friend recommended me to visit.
3. The new building (1. will have completed 2. will complete 3. will be completed 4. has been completed) by the end of next month.
4. The international conference (1. is to hold 2. is to be hold 3. is to held 4. is to be held) in Kyoto next month.
5. He was supposed to pick me up at 3 p.m., but it is (1. near 2. nearby 3. near to 4. nearly) 4 p.m.
6. I have only (1. two-three 2. two-threes 3. two-third 4. two-thirds) as many books as he does.
7. I'm sorry I cannot attend the party, as I have (1. one 2. another 3. other 4. the others) engagement.

V. 次の各英文は “Number of flu cases tops ‘warning level’ ” の表題の記事より抜粋したものである。選択肢の語(句)を最適な語順に並べ替え、() 内において3番目と5番目にくるものをそれぞれ記号で答えなさい。

1. The number () the first time on Nov. 6.

選択肢

ア for イ has ウ influenza patients 工 of
 才 surpassed 力 the government’s キ “warning level”

2. Most of them (), and many of them were children, officials said.

選択肢

ア are イ been ウ believed 工 have 才 infected
 力 the new swine flu virus キ to ク with

3. This season (), which is estimated to have sickened millions and has been blamed for dozens of deaths.

選択肢

ア be イ because ウ could 工 more 才 of
 力 serious キ the swine flu epidemic

解答例

- I. 1. (A) アメリカ合衆国の一部の共同体は、地元の経済状態を回復する考えを思いつきました。
 (B) その時から、時々、地元の通貨を作るという考えが復活してきました。
2. are giving customers a discount to ensure
3. c
4. d

- II. 1. (a) of (b) on

2.

ア	イ	ウ	エ
d	a	b	e

3. (1) そこは見かけほどひどくないと、私は思います。
 (2) 東京に関して、私がまだ我慢できないことが一つあります。

III.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
mine	fire	book	call	hand	deal	lot

IV.

問	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
答	2	3	3	4	4	4	2

V.

1		2		3	
3 番目	5 番目	3 番目	5 番目	3 番目	5 番目
イ	カ	キ	イ	エ	イ

1. The number (of influenza patients has surpassed the government's "warning level" for) the first time on Nov. 6.
2. Most of them (are believed to have been infected with the new swine flu virus), and many of them were children, officials said.
3. This season (could be more serious because of the swine flu epidemic), which is estimated to have sickened millions and has been blamed for dozens of deaths.