

平成19年度 崇城大学一般入学試験問題(前期日程)2日目  
英語I・II(平成19年2月1日)工学部・情報学部・生物生命学部

I. 次の(1)～(15)の単語のなかで、第2音節(左から2つ目の音節)を最も強く発音するものを五つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- |                   |                 |                   |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| (1) con-cern      | (2) dan-ger-ous | (3) in-ter-est    |
| (4) of-fi-cial    | (5) mea-sure    | (6) fur-ni-ture   |
| (7) in-dus-tri-al | (8) in-ter-val  | (9) ev-i-dence    |
| (10) in-tro-duce  | (11) man-ag-er  | (12) per-fec-tion |
| (13) in-stru-ment | (14) prob-a-bly | (15) i-de-al      |

II. 次の1.～10.の文には文法的に誤りのある文が四つある。その番号を書きなさい。

1. Go downstairs to help Mon in the kichen.
2. When his father came into his room, he pretended to asleep.
3. The girl grew up to be a fine pianist.
4. The teacher tested the students with many difficult questions.
5. It'll do you good to take a long walk in the woods.
6. How do you think of the movie?
7. His explanation left us in doubt.
8. It's a shame we don't have enough time to spare for discussion.
9. Jane married with a famous pianist.
10. Once you go to Kamakura, you'll want to return there again.

III. それぞれの日本語の意味になるように、( )内の語(句)を並べ替えて英文を完成しなさい。

1. この機械を直していただくと大変ありがたいのですが。  
( appreciate / I'd / if / it / machine / repair / this / you'd ).
2. 遅刻をしてはいけないと何回言いましたか。  
( be / have / how / I / late / many / not / times / to / told / you )?
3. 君か僕のどちらかがその質問に答える必要があります。  
( am / answer / either / I / or / question / required / to / the / you ).
4. 番号をお間違えではありませんか。  
( afraid / got / have / I'm / number / the / wrong / you ).
5. その村には昔の面影がありません。  
( be / different / from / is / it / the / to / used / village / what ).

#### IV. 下線部 (A) および (B) を日本語に訳しなさい。

You can often see people as if they are being actually hurt or even killed in movie scenes and TV dramas. However, (A)We hardly ever see a movie in which an animal is hurt badly or dies for entertainment purposes. The first time an animal was hurt in a film happened in a cowboy movie in 1939. In that movie, (B)a specially trained actor rode his horse off a mountain cliff and jumped into a river. The actor himself was not hurt at all but the poor horse died. Many people were very angry when they saw the movie. After that, “The American Humane Society” was born. This organization tries to make sure no animals are hurt in movie-making.

#### V. 次の英文を読んで，下の設問に答えなさい。

Britain, like every other country, needs a well-educated workforce. To achieve this, recent governments have encouraged universities to accept more students, but at the same time they have reduced the amount of financial help they give to universities and students.

Until 1993 almost every student received a grant which covered most or all of their living costs and, until 1999, no full-time student (as long as they were British) had to pay any tuition fees. Now, instead of receiving a grant, students can borrow some money through the Student Loan Scheme; they have to pay this back when they have graduated and are earning a certain amount of money. So that universities could get more money, the government allowed them to introduce tuition fees; the amount each student has to pay depends on their or their family’s income.

It was thought that these changes might put people off going to university but statistics show that as many people are applying. However, the age at which they want to go to universities is changing. Until recently most people went after leaving school, when they were about 18 years old. Nowadays many school-leavers decide to take a year off in order to travel round the world or work somewhere. In addition, some universities have made it easier for older people to study by lowering the entrance requirements for people over a certain age, usually 23. Many universities have also introduced part-time and modular courses, which has made it easier for people to work and study at the same time. Thus it is not surprising that 50% of all students are now over 25.

In the past, most students studied a subject that they were interested in. However, students now seem more concerned with getting a degree that will make it easier to get a job. Thus fewer people study subjects like English and history; instead, non-traditional courses such as business studies and computer science are increasingly popular.

The image most working people in Britain used to have of students was that they spent most of their time having fun and only occasionally studied. Life for most students nowadays is very different; if they are not studying they are earning money in order to be able to continue studying. And an increasing number of people leave university in debt.

設問：本文の内容と一致するものを四つ選んで、番号で答えなさい。

1. As Britain needs a well-educated workforce, the government has increased the amount of financial help to students.
2. Until 1999, all full-time British students' tuitions were free.
3. A quarter of university students in Britain are over 25.
4. The tuition fees are different for each student.
5. A lot of school-leavers don't go to university immediately after leaving high school.
6. If the applicants are over 23, they are admitted without entrance examination.
7. More people prefer to study computer science to English since it helps them to get a job.
8. Less students leave university in debt.

## 解答例

## I. 1,4,7,12,15

- |                                |                                  |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (1) con-cern [kənsə:rn]        | (2) dan-ger-ous [deɪndʒ(ə)rəs]   |
| (3) in-ter-est [ɪnt(ə)rəst]    | (4) of-fi-cial [ɒfɪʃ(ə)l]        |
| (5) mea-sure [meɪʒər]          | (6) fur-ni-ture [fə:niʃər]       |
| (7) in-dus-tri-al [ɪndʌstriəl] | (8) in-ter-val [ɪntərv(ə)l]      |
| (9) ev-i-dence [évəd(ə)ns]     | (10) in-tro-duce [ɪntɹəd(j)ú:s]  |
| (11) man-ag-er [mæniʒər]       | (12) per-fec-tion [pərfékʃ(ə)n]  |
| (13) in-stru-ment [ɪnstrʉmənt] | (14) prob-a-bly [prəbəbli/prəb-] |
| (15) i-de-al [aɪdɪ:(ə)l/-dɪəl] |                                  |

## II. 1,2,6,9

1. (downstair → downstairs)    2. (to → to be)    6. (How → What)  
 9. (married with → married)

## III. 1. I'd appreciate it if you'd repair this machine.

2. How many times have I told you not to be late?  
 3. Either you or I am required to answer the question.  
 4. I'm afraid you have got the wrong number.  
 5. The village is different from what it used to be.

## IV. (A) 動物が娯楽目的でひどく傷つけられたり死んだりするのを、私たちが映画の中で見ることはほとんどない。

- (B) 特別に訓練を受けた俳優が馬に乗って山間の崖から川に飛び込んだ。

## V. 2,4,5,7