

平成18年度 崇城大学一般入学試験問題(前期日程)2日目
英語I・II(平成18年1月31日)工学部・情報学部・生物生命学部

I. 次の(1)～(15)の単語のなかで、第2音節(左から2つ目の音節)を最も強く発音するものを五つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| (1) ac-a-dem-ic | (2) in-flu-ence | (3) in-dus-try |
| (4) fa-mil-iar | (5) ef-fort | (6) vi-o-lin |
| (7) re-flect | (8) i-mag-ine | (9) mod-ern |
| (10) en-er-gy | (11) ex-per-i-ment | (12) vol-ume |
| (13) pre-fer | (14) caf-e-te-ri-a | (15) eve-ning |

II. 次の1.～10.の文には文法的に誤りのある文が四つある。その番号を書きなさい。

1. I cound't make myself understand in English.
2. My sister got married to a baseball player.
3. What do you call this in English?
4. Today's weather is worse than yesterday's.
5. How do you do when you have free time?
6. Please feel free to make yourself at home.
7. I've lost my watch, so I must buy it.
8. My income is twice as large as yours.
9. This is a painting I can be proud of.
10. I'm really sorry for trouble you.

III. それぞれの日本語の意味になるように、()内の語(句)を並べ替えて英文を完成しなさい。

1. 車をもう一台などとても買えません。
(afford / another / buy / car / can't / I / to).
2. 蒸気機関は誰によって発明されましたか。
(by / engine / invented / steam / the / was / who)?
3. 長旅のせいで少し疲れているみたいです。
(a / a little / because / feel / flight / I / long / of / tired).
4. 熊本から鹿児島までどれくらいありますか。
(far / from / how / is / it / Kagoshima / Kumamoto)?
5. 朝早く起きられるように、もう寝なさい。
(bed / can / early / get / go / now / so / that / to / tomorrow morning / up / you).

IV. 下線部 (A) および (B) を日本語に訳しなさい。

(A)Recently, many studies have been carried out on the close relationship between sleep and the wealth of a nation. According to a major study done at an American university, even one night of interrupted or missed sleep by healthy people can greatly change their physical and mental balance. This can cause disease and increase health costs. Poor sleep quality also reduces the productivity of workers, which results in a huge economic loss to a country. Also, research on sleep shows that (B)even a small loss of the required amount of sleep increases the chances of accidents at home or at work. So, it is important to get enough of sound sleep every night.

V. 次の英文を読んで , 下の設問に答えなさい。

What makes a hero? The question seems so simple. Yet, like similar questions that sound easy at first, many things need to be explained before you begin to answer it. First, few will agree on what a true hero really is. Secondly, if you look up the word in a British English dictionary and then in an American one, you will be surprised at the order in which they list the admired qualities of a so-called hero. This is due to the different cultural values. Finally, many people will agree that the question itself is wrong. For them, a hero is not made but rather is born having some special ability to be good at something.

However, it is a fact that people of every color and culture usually have somebody they look up to. For a baby, Dad and Mom are giants who stand tall like a solid tower. Parents are heroes that children come to adore naturally. Then as they grow aware of the world around them, you will often find that for a child the person who hates evil is much more of a hero than someone who can do something well. When children come to belong to some group such as a school, they start to admire somebody who is good at something that they themselves are interested in. That person may be real or imagined but he or she becomes a kind of guiding star or idol to be imitated or to dream about.

Basically there are two kinds of heroes, the unknown and the famous. The majority of people in the world neither makes the news headlines every day nor even once in their lifetimes. A poor farmer working hard in his fields in rain or sunshine is a good example of the former. Someone who is only too eager to swing his bat in front of huge crowds and get richer and richer may be praised for his ability to hit fast balls thrown to him. Who is the real hero? People who find baseball boring or those who consider sports to be merely a pastime will surely choose the farmer as being more human and heroic.

On the question of a hero, you also need to touch on ideas such as justice, courage, leadership, success and failure. Then at last one thing should become as clear as crystal: whether a hero is born or is made, nobody could ever be a hero without others, that is, both the people who cheer him on and those he must oppose bravely for some reason or other. A true hero is a person who at heart knows this.

設問：本文の内容と一致するものを四つ選んで、番号で答えなさい。

1. It is not only people who make news headlines often that can be thought of as heroes.
2. In America, the ability to hit fast balls is necessary in order to become a rich player and hero.
3. English dictionaries always agree on the qualities that people admire in a hero.
4. If a child is interested in music, he or she will soon like some young idol at school.
5. Not everybody agrees on the reasons why one person may be a greater hero than another.
6. People come to regard somebody as a hero based on their culture and values.
7. If you have a dream and work hard, you can become a hero with the help of other people.
8. A true hero may not necessarily be born with some special ability that is used to become one.

解答例

I. 4,7,8,11,13

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|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (1) ac-a-dem-ic [ækədémik] | (2) in-flu-ence [ínfluəns] |
| (3) in-dus-try [índəstri] | (4) fa-mil-iar [fəmiljər] |
| (5) ef-fort [éfɔ:t] | (6) vi-o-lin [vàiəlín] |
| (7) re-flect [riflékt] | (8) i-mag-ine [imædʒin] |
| (9) mod-ern [mádərn] | (10) en-er-gy [énərdʒi] |
| (11) ex-per-i-ment [ikspérimənt] | (12) vol-ume [vólju:m] |
| (13) pre-fer [prifó:r] | (14) caf-e-te-ri-a [kæfətíəriə] |
| (15) eve-ning [ívnɪŋ] | |

II. 1,5,7,10

1. (understand → understood) 5. (How → What) 7. (it → one)
 10. (trouble → troubling)

III. 1. I can't afford to buy another car

2. Who was the steam engine invented by
 3. I feel a little tired because of a long flight.
 4. How far is it from Kumamoto to Kagoshima
 5. Go to bed now so that you can get up early tomorrow morning

IV. (A) 近年，睡眠と国家の豊かさとの密接な関係について多くの研究が行われている。

- (B) 必要な睡眠量が僅かに不足しただけでも家庭や職場での事故の可能性が高くなる

V. 1,5,6,8