

平成18年度 崇城大学一般入学試験問題(後期日程)
英語I・II(平成18年3月14日)工学部・情報学部・生物生命学部

I. 次の(1)～(10)の単語について、最も強く発音する音節を選び、番号で答えなさい。

- | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| (1) del-i-cate
1 2 3 | (2) re-quire
1 2 | (3) nei-ther
1 2 |
| (4) pol-i-ti-cian
1 2 3 4 | (5) im-age
1 2 | (6) im-me-di-ate-ly
1 2 3 4 5 |
| (7) res-tau-rant
1 2 3 | (8) es-pe-cial-ly
1 2 3 4 | (9) pi-o-neer
1 2 3 |
| (10) re-fer
1 2 | | |

II. 次の1.～10.の文には文法的に誤りのある文が四つある。その番号を書きなさい。

1. Green leaves are coming out little by little.
2. I bought the same computer as he did.
3. The dog that I am so fond of belongs to my uncle.
4. Sorry, I mistook you to someone else.
5. Who in particular would you like to talk?
6. We are sorry for not answering your letter sooner.
7. He drives the more carefully of us all.
8. There is some truth in what Tom says.
9. We take pleasure in informining you of our son's marriage.
10. He is said that he is a great musician.

III. それぞれの日本語の意味になるように、()内の語(句)を並べ替えて英文を完成しなさい。

1. 奥様によろしくお伝えください。
(best / give / my / regards / to / wife / your).
2. 彼が来るかどうかは問題ではありませんか。
(come / doesn't / he / it / matter / not / or / whether / will).
3. エベレスト山は一年中雪でおおわれています。
(all / covered / is / Mt. Everest / round / snow / the / with / year).

4. そこに着いたら忘れずにすぐ電話してください。
 (arrive / as / as / call / don't / forget / me / soon / there / to / you).
5. 彼の言うことを信じるほど馬鹿な人はいません。
 (as / believe / foolish / he / is / no / one / says / so / to / what).

IV. 次の英文を読んで，下の設問に答えなさい。

In English, watching television has been for many years the most popular home-based leisure activity. This is unlikely to change because the choice of programs has greatly increased thanks to the introduction of cable, satellite and digital TV. Besides, almost every household now has a DVD player.

Listening to the radio or to music on a hi-fi system, entertaining friends and relations, reading, gardening and 'do-it-yourself' are also popular home-based activities, but, now that many households have at least one computer, an increasing number of people spend time playing computer games and suffering the Internet. But where do the English go when they have had enough of all these home-based activities?

The pub is still the first choice, but the next most popular activity is going out for a meal, in either a pub or a restaurant. Even though eating out in England is still quite expensive, the standard of food in most places has improved considerably, so dining out has become much more commonplace than it used to be.

Pubs and clubs also provide the setting for some of the most popular sports: billiards and darts. However, these are not as popular as cycling and walking. In fact, cycling is the fastest growing sport in Britain. And yet, (A) though these leisure activities are popular, it is interesting that fewer people walk or cycle to work these days.

Apart from these generally popular activities, many English people have hobbies. The most popular are those that involve collecting things, like stamps or coins, or 'spotting' things, which means looking at things such as trains, planes or birds.

Stamp collectors have a busy life because the Royal Mail regularly introduces new collections: a special set of postage stamps is always introduced at Christmas, but throughout the year stamps on almost anything to do with Britain and the British are produced in addition to the regular ones.

Train spotting, like most hobbies to do with trains, is associated mainly with men. (B) Train spotters often stand at the end of railway station platforms, writing down the number of every train that comes in.

For most people a hobby is something they can do only when they have free time; the lucky ones are those who can turn their hobby into a way of earning money.

設問1：本文の内容と一致するものを四つ選んで、番号で答えなさい。

1. Watching TV has long been the most popular leisure activity in England.
2. Most English households have digital television but not a DVD player.
3. More and more English people engage in gardening and ‘do-it-yourself’ these days.
4. Eating out in England has become quite cheap, and so people eat out more frequently now.
5. Stamp collecting is one of the most popular hobbies.
6. The Royal Mail introduces new stamp designs for every Christmas.
7. Train spotters often stand at the end of platforms to take better photographs.
8. People who can make money from their hobby are lucky.

設問2：下線部 (A) および (B) を日本語に訳しなさい。

解答例

I. (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 1 (4) 3 (5) 1 (6) 2 (7) 1 (8) 2 (9) 3 (10) 2

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (1) del-i-cate [délíkət] | (2) re-quire [ríkwáíər] |
| (3) nei-ther [ní:ðər/náíðə] | (4) pol-i-ti-cian [pələtíʃən/pə-] |
| (5) im-age [ímiɟ] | (6) im-me-di-ate-ly [imí:diətli] |
| (7) res-tau-rant [réstərənt/-tərənt] | (8) es-pe-cial-ly [ispéʃəli] |
| (9) pi-o-neer [piəniər] | (10) re-fer [rifər] |

II. 4,5,7,10

4. (to → for) 5. (talk → talk to) 7. (the more → most)
10. (He is → It is)

III. 1. Give my best regards to your wife.

2. It doesn't matter whether he will come or not.
3. Mr. Everest is covered with snow all the year round.
4. Don't forget to call me as soon as you arrive there.
5. No one is so foolish as to believe what he says.

IV. 設問 1 1,5,6,8

設問 2

- (A) このような余暇活動は人気があるが、おもしろいことに、最近では徒歩や自転車で通勤する人が減っているのだ。
(B) 鉄道マニアたちはよく駅のプラットホームの端に立ち、入ってくるあらゆる列車の番号を書き取る。