

平成 21 年度 九州ルーテル学院大学 一般 I 期入学試験問題
英語 I・II (平成 21 年 2 月 7 日) 70 分

I 次の (1) ~ (10) の英文に入る最も適切な語句を (ア) ~ (エ) の中からひとつずつ選び、その記号を解答欄に書きなさい。

- (1) You should _____ to Ms. Kato for your rude behavior the other day. She was very hurt by it.
(ア) permit (イ) express (ウ) apologize (エ) explain
- (2) Miki returned home early from school with a _____ headache.
(ア) severe (イ) strict (ウ) heavy (エ) hard
- (3) Mr. Roberts is a famous designer, and in his _____ long skirts will be in fashion this fall.
(ア) opinion (イ) voice (ウ) order (エ) point
- (4) Every day many people _____ up in front of this restaurant during lunchtime.
(ア) line (イ) make (ウ) pass (エ) take
- (5) At home we have three televisions. One of them is a small _____ television, so we can easily move it into whichever room we choose.
(ア) visible (イ) reversible (ウ) portable (エ) considerable
- (6) They moved their bags to make _____ on the bench for the elderly lady to sit down.
(ア) chair (イ) seat (ウ) room (エ) spot
- (7) Our teacher always tells us that keeping _____ with world events by reading the newspaper is very important.
(ア) up (イ) to (ウ) on (エ) out
- (8) Since Takashi has made several important errors, his teammates have lost all _____ in his ability to lead their team.
(ア) preference (イ) innocence (ウ) confidence (エ) independence
- (9) Please let us know at least two weeks _____ if you are going to cancel the trip.
(ア) on demand (イ) in advance (ウ) on time (エ) to the front
- (10) The police were _____ of Simpson's alibi because someone saw him near the crime scene.
(ア) ambiguous (イ) cautious (ウ) suspicious (エ) confusing

II 次の(1)～(10)の英文に入る最も適切な語句を(ア)～(エ)の中からひとつずつ選び、その記号を解答欄に書きなさい。

- (1) The children played by _____ in the park while their mothers watched.
(ア) them (イ) themselves (ウ) it (エ) itself
- (2) This is a dangerous intersection. Last night there was _____ car accident.
(ア) another (イ) other (ウ) the other (エ) others
- (3) We _____ use our credit card at the store because their computers weren't working.
(ア) shouldn't (イ) ought not (ウ) wouldn't (エ) couldn't
- (4) Professor Higgins has _____ for his students outside of class.
(ア) a time (イ) times (ウ) some times (エ) a lot of time
- (5) Yuki, this is the restaurant _____ your mother and I had our first date.
(ア) when (イ) where (ウ) which (エ) what
- (6) Please don't sit on the bench. It _____ just five minutes ago.
(ア) was painted (イ) has painted
(ウ) had painted (エ) had been painted
- (7) _____ Daisuke's plan to go to Spain after graduation, I asked him if he would go to England with me.
(ア) Not to know (イ) Not known
(ウ) Not knowing (エ) Neither knowing
- (8) The baseball game _____ at 1:30 if it hadn't started raining.
(ア) would have begun (イ) had to begin
(ウ) would begin (エ) had begun
- (9) Tomoko used to _____ breakfast every morning, but now she just prepares hot coffee.
(ア) making (イ) make (ウ) have made (エ) be making
- (10) Koji lent me a digital camera, but I didn't know how to use it, and _____ my father.
(ア) either did (イ) so did (ウ) neither did (エ) so didn't

III 次の英文中の (1) ~ (10) に入る最も適切な語句を下の語群の中から選びなさい。
また動詞は時制に注意して、適切な語形に直してから解答欄に書き入れなさい。

I was out shopping when I remembered I was supposed to call my friend about going out that evening. I looked everywhere for a (1)_____ phone, but couldn't find one anywhere. Then I remembered I had my (2)_____ phone in my bag. The first few times I called it was (3)_____. I thought she was probably talking to her boyfriend. They're always calling each other. The next time I tried there was no (4)_____, so I left a (5)_____ on the answering (6)_____, telling her to call me. I waited and waited, but she didn't call, so I tried again. Finally someone (7)_____ up the phone and said "Hello." "Could I speak to Yoko, please?" I asked. "Who's (8)_____, please?" the person asked. "It's Mayumi," I said. Then to my surprise, he just said, "Sorry, I think you've got the (9)_____ number." And then he just (10)_____.

answer	call	engaged	hang up	machine
message	mobile	pick	public	wrong

IV 次の会話文の意味が通じるように (1) ~ (10) の () 内の動詞を適切な時制に直し、解答欄に書き入れなさい。

A: Do you do much traveling?

B: Yes, I like to travel.

A: What countries have you visited?

B: Well, I (1)(be) in India, Turkey, Afghanistan, and Nepal, among others.

A: I (2)(be / never) in any of those countries. when (3)(be / you) in India?

B: Two years ago. I (4)(visit / also) many of the countries in Central America.

I (5)(take) a tour of Central America about six years ago.

A: Which countries (6)(visit / you)?

B: Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, and Nicaragua.

A: I (7)(want / always) to travel to other countries, but I (8)(have / not) the opportunity to travel extensively. I (9)(go) to England six years ago, but I (10)(go / not) anywhere since then.

V 次の英文中の (1) ~ (10) に入る最も適切な語句を下の語群の中から選び、その記号を解答欄に書きなさい。

McDonald's

There were two McDonalds – Mac and Dick. They were brothers. In 1948 they owned a restaurant in California, USA. They liked working in the restaurant, but they got tired of (1)_____ ordering so many different things to eat.

“If we gave customers a smaller menu, we could prepare some of the (2)_____ in advance and they wouldn't have to (3)_____ so long for their meals,” said one of the brothers. The other brother (4)_____ and added. “If we made the customers come to the counter, we wouldn't need any waiters or waitresses. We could also use disposable plates so that there wouldn't be any washing any washing-up.

These were such good ideas that the brothers used them, and the customers were very pleased. They got their meals (5)_____ — in less than a minute — and paid only 15 cents for hamburgers and 10 cents for fries. The first McDonald's restaurant had no seats for customers to sit on. This meant that people had to take their food away and that no one had to (6)_____ any tables after them.

Then a man called Ray Kroc came to see the brothers. He wanted to purchase their (7)_____. They agreed to sell it to him for US\$27 million. After that, people paid Ray Kroc for the right to open their own restaurants using the McDonald's (8)_____. Before long there were McDonald's restaurants throughout the United States, and (9)_____ they are all over the world — even in China and Russia.

McDonald's restaurants are (10)_____ because children enjoy going to them. They give out toys and games and children like the food.

(adapted form *New Century Readers*, by Ken Method, Heater Jones and Naomi Waterman. Macmillan Languagehouse. 2000.)

disposal designed to be thrown away after use

(ア) agreed	(イ) business	(ウ) clean up	(エ) customers
(オ) food	(カ) name and menu	(キ) nowadays	(ク) quickly
(ケ) successful	(コ) wait		

VI 次の会話文を読み、下の設問に英語で答えなさい。

(on the telephone)

Stephen: Hello, Matthew. This is Stephen.

Matthew: Hi Stephen! Good to hear your voice. It's been a while.

Stephen: Yes, we haven't spoken with each other for two or three months.

Matthew: Yeah.

Stephen: Guess what? I'll be in Seattle next month. I'm calling to see if you and I can meet while I'm there in town.

Matthew: Really? What days will you be here?

Stephen: I'll arrive on the evening of the 11th and depart on the 15th. I'll have meetings in the daytime, but will be free in the evenings. What do you think?

Matthew: Let's definitely meet. I'll check my schedule right now. Just a moment, please. (*after a few seconds*) Well, I can be available any evening. By the way, where do you plan to stay in Seattle?

Stephen: Probably in a hotel near the airport.

Matthew: I have an idea. Why don't you stay with us? My family will be glad to have you here. I can pick you up at the airport when you arrive. Send me the details of your flights via email, OK?

Stephen: Sounds great! I'll send my flight plan later today.

Matthew: Sorry. I've got to go right now. I'll call you back this evening. We can talk more then, OK?

Stephen: Alright. Call me at home. I'll talk with you later, Matthew.

Matthew: Yes. Bye, Stephen.

- (1) What days does Stephen plan to be in Seattle?
- (2) How will Stephen travel to Seattle?
- (3) Why will Stephen be in Seattle?
- (4) How long has it been since Matthew and Stephen last spoke with each other?
- (5) When do they plan to speak with each other next?

解答例 (得点は合計点 90 点を 100 点に換算したもの)

I (1 点 × 10 = 10 点)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
ウ	ア	ア	ア	ウ	ウ	ア	ウ	イ	ウ

II (1 点 × 10 = 10 点)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
イ	ア	エ	エ	イ	ア	ウ	ア	イ	ウ

III (2 点 × 10 = 20 点)

(1)	public	(6)	machine
(2)	mobile	(7)	picked
(3)	engaged	(8)	calling
(4)	answer	(9)	wrong
(5)	message	(10)	hung up

IV (2 点 × 10 = 20 点)

(1)	have been	(6)	did you visit
(2)	have never been	(7)	have always wanted
(3)	were you	(8)	haven't had
(4)	have also visited / also visited	(9)	went
(5)	took	(10)	haven't gone

V (2 点 × 10 = 20 点)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
エ	オ	コ	ア	ク	ウ	イ	カ	キ	ケ

VI (2 点 × 5 = 10 点)

(1)	the 11th through 15th
(2)	by air / by plane
(3)	He will have meetings.
(4)	two or three months
(5)	this evening