平成18年度 九州ルーテル学院大学 一般I期入学試験問題 英語I・II (平成18年2月4日) 70分

I 次の 2 種類の会話を読み,それぞれの会話が成立するように下線部 $(1) \sim (10)$ の空欄に適切な英文を書きなさい.ただし,最初の空欄については解答例が書かれています.

Bob: Hi T	Hi Ted. (例)What's up?					
Ted: Hey	Hey Bob. Not much, just going to get something to eat.					
(1)_	(1)?					
Bob: (2)_	(2) I'm starving. Where're you going?					
Ted: I the	I thought about Mura Ichiban Izakaya. Is that (3)					
Bob: Sure	Sure. I love Izakaya and Japanese food, (4)					
Ted: Me	Me too. I hate octopus, whether it's cooked or raw. Let's go, it's					
right	right up here.					
Bob: Oh	b: Oh yeah, I see it. Thanks (5)					
Ted: No p						
-	Hey, John! (6)					
	Yeah! when did I see you last? I think it was last March, right?					
Hiroyuki:	That's right.					
John:	So, what (7) doing for the last eight months?					
Hiroyuki:	Well, I lost my job last June.					
John:	(8)					
Hiroyuki:	Thanks. I was looking for one for several months, and just last					
~ 1	week I got a job at a juku downtown.					
John:	Conguratulations! You'll be great as a juku teacher.					
Hiroyuki:	Thanks. Oops, it's getting late! Sorry, but I (9)					
	I have an appointment downtown in 15 minutes.					
John:	That's OK. Hey, we should (10) sometime					
	soon.					
	Yeah! Give me a call and we'll plan a time.					
John:	It was great seeing you again. See you soon, I hope.					
Hiroyuki:	Right. I'll be looking forward to it.					

II			$)$ の英文中の空欄に最も適切な語句をそれぞれ $(oldsymbol{\mathcal{P}}) \sim (oldsymbol{\mathcal{P}})$ から 17 答えなさい。
			(\mathcal{P}) ethical (\mathcal{I}) wood (\mathcal{I}) ornamental (\mathcal{I}) associated (\mathcal{I}) original (\mathcal{I}) degree (\mathcal{I}) education (\mathcal{I}) plastic
	(1)	All	people require a certain () of privacy in their everyday
	(2)	AII	OS should not be too closely () with Africa alone.
	(3)	Scie	entific advances create () and moral problems.
	(4)	Mo	st people prefer the () to a fake.
	(5)	Dis	posable chopsticks are generally made of ().
II	次の	り各組	組の $\mathbf{a},\!\mathbf{b}$ がほぼ同じ意味になるように空所に英単語を 1 語入れな
	(1)	a. b.	She speaks Chinese well. She is a () () of chinese.
	(2)	a. b.	Your garden is twice the width of mine. Your garden is twice () () as mine.
	(3)		He appears to have known the secret. () () that he knew the secret.
	(4)	a. b.	Bob is proud that he was chosen chairman. Bob is proud of () () chosen chairman.
	(5)	a. b.	I am sorry I was not with you at that time. I wish I () () with you at that time.
	(6)	a. b.	It began to rain three days ago, and it is still raining. It has () () for three days.
	(7)	a. b.	Could you tell me which dictionary I should buy? Could you tell me which dictionary () ()?
	(8)	a. b.	He said to me, "Do you know my father?" He () me whether I () his father.
	(9)	a. b.	He used to get up early when he was young. He was an early () in his ().

(10) a. I had no difficulty in carrying the plan out.

b. It was quite ($\,$) ($\,$) me to carry the plan out.

IV 次の英文中の $(1) \sim (10)$ に入る最も適切な語句をそれぞれ $(P) \sim (I)$ から1 つず つ選び記号で答えなさい.

Charles Waterton loved animals — especially those creatures that other people found unpleasant. His favorites included vultures, buzzards, bats, and reptiles. Waterton (1) a large number of unusual pets in his grand house in Yorkshire, England. He once sheltered a sloth in his bedroom (2) months because he felt sorry for the hairy little thing and figured it needed the company. He took care of a whole collection of toads and often spoke to them for long periods of time, as though he were holding a conversation with them. Also, his day was (3) until he had kissed his chimpanzee.

Waterton could easily (4) his life examining animals without ever leaving his thirty-acre estate. He had enough money to buy and care for a great number of creatures, but Waterton didn't just want the animals brought to him — he wanted to go to (5). He wanted to study them (6) their native surroundings. (7), in 1812, at the age of thirty, he shock off his comfortable life and set out for the jungles of Brazil.

Waterton had a wonderful time. He had (8) fun, in fact, that he returned to Brazil several times. On his most famous journey, in 1820, Waterton walked through the tropical forests for months. He walked barefooted (9) he believed shoes should be worn only indoors. Every now and then he (10) to cut stones, insects, and other things out of the bottoms of his feet. At night he hung a hammock between trees and slept for just a few hours.

(Adapted from Billings, H. & Billings, 1987. *Eccentrics*. Chicago: Jamestown Publishers, p.125)

(1)	(7) held	(1) kept	(ウ) managed	(\mathbf{I}) owned
(2)	(7) during	(イ) for	(ウ) in	(\mathbf{I}) since
(3)	(7) complete	(1) completed	(ウ) not complete	(\mathbf{I}) not completely
(4)	(7) be spending	(1) have spent	(ウ) had spent	(\mathbf{I}) spend
(5)	(7) them	(1) these	(ウ) they	(\mathbf{I}) those
(6)	$(\mathbf{\mathcal{P}})$ at	(イ) by	(ウ) in	(\mathbf{I}) on
(7)	(7) However	(1) Moreover	(ウ) Otherwise	(\mathbf{I}) Therefore
(8)	(\mathcal{P}) a lot of	(1) not enough	(ウ) so much	(\mathbf{I}) too much
(9)	(7) because	(イ) but	(ウ) so	(\mathbf{I}) while
(10)	$(\mathbf{\mathcal{P}})$ was stopped	(イ) stops	(ウ) will stop	(\mathbf{I}) would stop

∨ 次の英文を読んで設問に答えなさい.

For some people, September 11, 2001 was the most terrible day of their lives, but for 24 Japanese citizens, it was the last day of their lives. Almost 30 Japanese companies, with offices in New York City's World Trade Center and surrounding buildings, lost their offices and hundreds of employees were affected.

Half of the Japanese who died were employees of Fuji Bank (now Mizuho Bank), which was located in the South Tower. Those (\mathcal{T}) survived have either stayed on in New York or returned to Japan, but only a few of them have been willing (\mathcal{T}). One man said he stopped (\mathcal{D}) to get coffee on the way to work, and was just getting into the North Tower. He managed to escape and warned other people (\mathcal{I}) to leave the building. Another survivor, speaking to Ikuko Yuge, Program Director of Fuji TV in Tokyo, simply said, "I don't like clear and sunny skies anymore," a reference to the beautiful weather on that fateful day.

The Consulate because a help-action center for Japanese who needed counseling, housing and even financial help. Sanae Yonemichi, 28, Education Project Coordinator, says, "We had a hot line and counselors on duty for four to five weeks. We sometimes loaned hotel rooms for people with no place (‡)to stay because they could not use their apartments or hotel rooms." Some New York hotels even provided free rooms.

Teams from the Consulate went to every hospital, looking for Japanese victims.

(*\mathcal{7}\) "We replaced lost passports, handled visa problems and referred to a lawyer if they needed one," Yonemichi says "We all did everything we could for people who needed any kind of help."

Adapted from "English Zone No.2," Chukei Publishing Company(2003)

- (1) カッコ内(ア),(オ)に共通して入る関係代名詞を書きなさい.
- (2) カッコ内(イ)に入るべき最も適切な形を以下から選び,記号で答えなさい.
 - (a) to interview (b) for interview (c) interviewing (d) to be interviewed
 - (e) was interviewed
- (3) 下線部(ウ),(エ),(キ)の不定詞と同じ用法のものを以下から選び,記号で答えなさい.
 - (a) The teacher advised the students to practice English pronunciation.
 - (b) I am very glad to know his success.
 - (c) He lent the girl jacket to wear.
 - (d) She made a promise to write to me.
 - (e) I went to the travel agency to get some information.
 - (f) The old man lived to be ninety.
 - (g) To do him justice, he is a kind person.
- (4) カッコ内(カー)に入る最も適切な形を選び記号で答えなさい.
 - (a) share (b) to share (c) shared (d) sharing
- (5) 下線部(ク)を日本語に訳しなさい.
- (6) 本文の内容と一致するものを2つ選び,記号で答えなさい.
 - (a) Most of the Japanese who lost their lives at the World Trade Center on September 11, 2001 worked for Fuji Bank.
 - (b) Most Japanese people who survived the September $11^{\rm th}$ attack returned to Japan.
 - (c) Ikuko Yuge was one of the survivors of the September 11th attack.
 - (d) Sadahei Kusumoto became a volunteer because he wanted to be involved in the rescue and recovery efforts.
 - (e) The Consulate of Japan in New York provided housing and even financial help.
 - (f) Some Japanese could not stay in their homes after the September 11th attack.

VI 以下の質問の答えを A~Hの中から1つずつ選び記号で答えなさい.

- (1) Which tour company offers at least 20 years of experience in all inclusive tours?
- (2) Which company sends you up-river for family oriented tours?
- (3) Which company offers luxurious tours up-river?
- (4) Which tour company departs from Rhode Island and has been in business for 37 years?
- (5) Which company allows you to experience history and restore cultural treasures?
- (6) Which company claims to know Ireland best?















解答例

- I (1) Would you like to come? (2) Yes. (3) Okay? (4) Except for octopus and squild. (5) for inviting me. (6) I haven't seen you for a long time. (7) have you been (8) That's too bad. (9) have to go. (10) get together
- II (1) カ(2) エ(3) ア(4) オ(5) イ
- III (1) good, speaker (2) as, wide (3) It, appears (4) having, been (5) had, been (6) been, raining (7) to, buy (8) asked, knew (9) riser, youth (10) easy, for
- IV (1) \land (2) \land (3) \Rightarrow (4) \land (5) \nearrow (6) \Rightarrow (7) \Rightarrow (8) \Rightarrow (9) \nearrow (10) \Rightarrow
- V (1) who
 - (2) d
 - (3) (ウ) e (エ) a (キ) c
 - (4) d
 - (5) 「私たち (領事館) は,失われたパスポートを交換したり,ビザの問題を処理したり,必要とあれば彼らを弁護士に照会 (引き合わせる) など,あらゆる手助けを必要とした人々にできる限りのことをした」とヨネミネは言っている.
 - (6) e, f
- VI (1) F (2) B (3) D (4) G (5) C (6) H