

平成18年度 九州中央リハビリテーション学院  
一般入学試験B(英語I) 平成18年1月11日

【1】次の英文を読み、設問に答えなさい。

We say we feel healthy when our body is working so smoothly ( 1 ) we don't think about it. We enjoy exercise and food, sleep well and keep up mentally and physically with others of our own age. When something goes ( 2 ) and we cannot do these things, we say we are ill. It is miserable to wake up with a sore throat or pain in the stomach. (A)This can mean missing out on something important at school or at home.

We know about wounds and accidents, too. A girl hurriedly cleaning some knives may cut her finger badly. A boy, climbing a tree, slips and (B)tumbles to the ground. One leg twists under him in an awkward way and hurts so much he cannot move. The bone inside the leg has been broken. A doctor will put the leg back into its correct position, then cover it with white plaster so that it stays straight and still ( 3 ) the bone heals.

(C)It (1. that 2. adults talk 3. is said 4. than children 5. often 6. about health more). Often they use special names for illnesses or treatments. The words may seem odd and difficult but they are important because people must be precise when describing illness. Many names for diseases and treatments come from Greek or Latin. This is because for many centuries Greek and Latin were the languages used for scientific writing in most Western countries. Today's medical vocabulary still (D)reflects this ancient tradition.

Television, radio, newspapers and magazines are full of news about health. People are intensely interested in medical discoveries. They want to know to live more healthy lives. (E)They want to hear about (1. fears 2. treating 3. in 4. everyone 5. successes 6. diseases), such as cancer. In many countries around the world, governments too take action to help citizens stay healthy and provide for those ( 4 ) are ill.

問1 空所( 1 )に入れるのに最も適当な語を次から選び、マークしなさい。

- ① as    ② that    ③ which    ④ how

問2 空所( 2 )に入れるのに最も適当な語を次から選び、マークしなさい。

- ① wrong    ② bad    ③ incorret    ④ matter

問3 下線部(A)の指し示す内容を次から選び、マークしなさい。

- ① feel healthy  
② enjoy exercise and food  
③ we say we are ill  
④ wake up with sore throat or pain in the stomach

問4 下線部(B)を他の語に置き換えると、どの語句が最も適当か。次から選びマークしなさい。

- ① goes down    ② gets    ③ falls    ④ stands

問5 空所( 3 )に入れるのに最も適当な語を次から選び、マークしなさい。

- ① in    ② for    ③ during    ④ while

問6・7 下線部(C)が意味の通る英文となるように、(    )内の語句を並べかえたとき、2番目と4番目にくる語句の番号をマークしなさい。

問8 下線部(D)を日本語で表すと、次のどれが最も適切かを選び、マークしなさい。

- ① 反映している    ② 考察している    ③ 反射している    ④ 反発している

問9・10 下線部(E)が意味の通る英文となるように、(    )内の語句を並べかえたとき、2番目と4番目にくる語句の番号をマークしなさい。

問11 空所( 4 )に入れるのに最も適当な語を次から選び、マークしなさい。

- ① which    ② that    ③ what    ④ who

問12~問15 次の英文が本文の内容と一致する場合は①を、一致しない場合は②を、本文の内容からはどちらともいえない場合は③をマークしなさい。

問12 When the leg is broken, a doctor covers the other leg with white pepper.

問13 Greeek and Latin are used for illnesses, because they were used for scientific writing.

問14 Rapid progress in medicine will leave no disease incurable in near future.

問15 A good title for this passage would be "Concern for Health."

【2】次の英文中の空所に入る最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④のうちから一つ選び、マークしなさい。

問 16 He will go home for the vacation as soon as he  the final exam.

- ① finishes    ② will finish    ③ am finish    ④ finished

問 17 He  be watching TV. There are no programs today because of the strike.

- ① must not    ② can't    ③ may    ④ should

問 18 They believed that it was careless  to forget such an important promise.

- ① for him    ② of him    ③ that for him    ④ that he

問 19 I received a letter  that he had succeeded in reaching the top of the mountain.

- ① say    ② said    ③ saying    ④ to be said

問 20  you may go, there's no such place as your home.

- ① Where    ② No matter    ③ Wherever    ④ How

問 21 My father is as busy .

- ① than he was    ② that is possible    ③ as is he    ④ as ever

問 22 The party was a lot of fun. I wish you  there.

- ① were    ② had been    ③ have been    ④ would be

問 23 Both of them are very brilliant, but  warm-hearted.

- ① neither of them is    ② neither one of them are  
③ none of them is    ④ none of them are

問 24 You may borrow my bicycle,  you're careful with it.

- ① as much as    ② even    ③ as far as    ④ as long as

問 25 It may rain at any moment. I'll lend you an umbrella if you need .

- ① some    ② it    ③ one    ④ this

【3】 次の問いの会話の空所に入る最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の ①～④のうちから一つずつ選び、マークしなさい。

問 26 A: Mind if I smoke?

B:  I hate cigarette smoke.

A: All right.

- ① Certainly not.
- ② So what?
- ③ I'd rather you didn't.
- ④ Yes, please.

問 27 A: Eat here or to go?

B: I'm sorry I didn't get that.

A: Do you want to eat it here or take it away?

B: Here, please.

- ① Anything else?
- ② Could you repeat it, please?
- ③ I'll take an apple pie.
- ④ What can I get you?

問 28 A: This is Jeff Smith. May I speak to Mr. Hayashi?

B: Mr. Hayashi is on another line now. Would you like to hold?

A: Well, could you please ask him to call me?

B:

- ① All right. I'll give him the message.
- ② I'd like to leave a message.
- ③ Sorry. He is out right now. Please call him later.
- ④ Then please wait until he is finished.

問 29 A: Can you possibly type this letter?

B: I'm sorry, but I can't. I have to finish this report.

A: That's all right.

B: I think Mary might help you.

- ① I can hardly wait.
- ② I appreciate your help.
- ③ I'll ask somebody else.
- ④ I will have you type another one.

問 30 A: You look tired.

B: Yes. May I sit next to you?

A: Yes, sure.

B: Thanks.

- ① Go right ahead.
- ② After you.
- ③ Take it easy!
- ④ Here you are.

## 解答例

【1】

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
②	①	④	③	④	①	⑥	①	③	⑥	④	②	①	③	③

(C) It (is said that adults talk about health more often than children).

(E) They want to hear about (successes in treating diseases everyone fears), such as cancer.

【2】

16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
①	②	②	③	③	④	②	①	④	③

【3】

26	27	28	29	30
④	②	①	③	③